\$1.95 Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred

Shares, par value \$0.01 per share

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

	washington, D.C. 20549	
	FORM 10-Q	
■ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT ?	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended Septemb	er 30, 2022
	OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from	to
	Commission File Number 001-35	169
 Maryland	RLJ LODGING TR	27-4706509
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	Center, Suite 1000 Maryland	20814
	al Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)
	(301) 280-7777 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including	Area Code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of	of the Exchange Act:	
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Exchange on Which Registered
Common Shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share	RLJ	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. \boxtimes Yes \square No

RLJ-A

New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). \boxtimes Yes \square No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	1						
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	l						
		Emerging growth company \Box	l						
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box									
Indicate by check mark whether the regis	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). ☐ Yes ☒ No								
Indicate the number of shares outstanding	g of each of the issuer's classes of	common stock, as of the latest practicable date.							
As of October 27, 2022, 162,053,953 common shares of beneficial interest of the Registrant, \$0.01 par value per share, were outstanding.									

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

(
	Sep	tember 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Assets			•	1010116
Investment in hotel properties, net	\$	4,171,428	\$	4,219,116
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures		6,777		6,522
Cash and cash equivalents		488,146		665,341
Restricted cash reserves		51,504		48,528
Hotel and other receivables, net of allowance of \$302 and \$274, respectively		42,393		31,091
Lease right-of-use assets		138,335		144,988
Prepaid expense and other assets		68,190		33,390
Total assets	\$	4,966,773	\$	5,148,976
Liabilities and Equity				
Debt, net	\$	2,212,752	\$	2,409,438
Accounts payable and other liabilities		150,946		155,136
Advance deposits and deferred revenue		21,987		20,047
Lease liabilities		117,810		123,031
Accrued interest		9,492		19,110
Distributions payable		14,596		8,347
Total liabilities	<u></u>	2,527,583	,	2,735,109
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 11)				
Equity				
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized				
Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, \$0.01 par value, 12,950,000 shares authorized; 12,879,475 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation value of \$328,266, at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021		366,936		366,936
Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value, 450,000,000 shares authorized; 162,726,642 and 166,503,062 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		1,627		1,665
Additional paid-in capital		3,056,603		3,092,883
Distributions in excess of net earnings		(1,041,610)		(1,046,739)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		41,805		(17,113)
Total shareholders' equity	-	2,425,361		2,397,632
Noncontrolling interests:		, ,		, ,
Noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership		6,341		6,316
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures		7,488		9,919
Total noncontrolling interests		13,829		16,235
Total equity		2,439,190		2,413,867
Total liabilities and equity	\$	4,966,773	\$	5,148,976

RLJ Lodging Trust

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

	For the three months ended September 30,			ed September 30,	F	or the nine months	s ended September 30,	
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues								
Operating revenues								
Room revenue	\$	267,363	\$	200,051	\$	753,818	\$	469,377
Food and beverage revenue		30,600		17,013		82,655		36,238
Other revenue		20,108		16,705		54,998		41,960
Total revenues		318,071		233,769		891,471		547,575
Expenses								
Operating expenses								
Room expense		68,394		51,951		188,015		124,276
Food and beverage expense		23,375		12,576		61,314		25,841
Management and franchise fee expense		25,390		16,225		71,846		34,216
Other operating expenses		82,021		67,599		227,563		173,602
Total property operating expenses		199,180		148,351		548,738		357,935
Depreciation and amortization		46,559		47,065		140,346		140,923
Impairment losses		_		138,899		_		144,845
Property tax, insurance and other		20,744		21,290		66,206		65,419
General and administrative		13,446		12,630		40,928		35,564
Transaction costs		(773)		(154)		(575)		101
Total operating expenses		279,156		368,081		795,643		744,787
Other income (expense), net		710		676		8,716		(8,579)
Interest income		1,281		222		1,800		826
Interest expense		(22,625)		(26,933)		(71,041)		(81,194)
(Loss) gain on sale of hotel properties, net		(57)		1,947		996		3,133
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net		<u> </u>		7,100		_		893
Income (loss) before equity in (loss) income from unconsolidated joint ventures		18,224		(151,300)		36,299		(282,133)
Equity in (loss) income from unconsolidated joint ventures		(150)		(232)		255		(470)
		18,074		(151,532)		36,554		
Income (loss) before income tax expense Income tax expense				(286)				(282,603)
		(391)	_			(1,139)		(554)
Net income (loss)		17,683		(151,818)		35,415		(283,157)
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:		(52)		727		(74)		1 201
Noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures		(53)		727 3,084		(74)		1,391
· ·		(36)	_			(29)		4,326
Net income (loss) attributable to RLJ		17,594		(148,007)		35,312		(277,440)
Preferred dividends Not in some (loss) attributeble to common charakelders	\$	(6,279) 11,315	\$	(6,279) (154,286)	\$	(18,836) 16,476	\$	(18,836)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	Ψ	11,515	Ψ	(134,280)	Ψ	10,470	Ψ	(270,270)
Basic per common share data:								
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders	\$	0.07	\$	(0.94)	\$	0.10	\$	(1.81)
Weighted-average number of common shares		160,368,297		164,068,011		162,681,840		163,964,227

Diluted per common share data:				
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.94)	\$ 0.10	\$ (1.81)
Weighted-average number of common shares	160,784,709	164,068,011	163,064,462	163,964,227
Comprehensive income (loss):				
Net income (loss)	\$ 17,683	\$ (151,818)	\$ 35,415	\$ (283,157)
Unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives	17,211	4,595	64,784	26,690
Reclassification of unrealized (gains) losses on discontinued cash flow hedges to other income (expense), net	_	_	(5,866)	10,658
Comprehensive income (loss)	 34,894	(147,223)	94,333	(245,809)
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:				
Noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership	(53)	727	(74)	1,391
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	(36)	3,084	(29)	4,326
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to RLJ	\$ 34,805	\$ (143,412)	\$ 94,230	\$ (240,092)

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Amounts in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

		Shareholders' Equity							Noncontro		
		Preferre	d Stock	Co	mmon Sto	ck					
		Shares	Amount	Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Distributions in excess of net earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Operating Partnership	Consolidated Joint Ventures	Total Equity
]	Balance at December 31, 2021	12,879,475	\$366,936	166,503,062	\$1,665	\$3,092,883	\$(1,046,739)	\$ (17,113)	\$ 6,316	\$ 9,919	\$ 2,413,867
	Net income	_	_	_	_	_	35,312	_	74	29	35,415
	Unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	64,784	_	_	64,784
	Reclassification of unrealized gains on discontinued cash flow hedges to other income (expense), net	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,866)	_	_	(5,866)
	Contributions from consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	154	154
	Distribution to consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,614)	(2,614)
	Issuance of restricted stock	_	_	702,993	7	(7)	_	_	_	_	_
	Amortization of share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	17,280	_	_	_	_	17,280
	Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock	_	_	(260,841)	(3)	(3,595)	_	_	_	_	(3,598)
	Shares acquired as part of a share repurchase program	_	_	(4,190,359)	(42)	(49,958)	_	_	_	_	(50,000)
	Forfeiture of restricted stock	_	_	(28,213)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Distributions on preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	(18,836)	_	_	_	(18,836)
	Distributions on common shares and units	_	_	_	_	_	(11,347)	_	(49)	_	(11,396)
1	Balance at September 30, 2022	12,879,475	\$366,936	162,726,642	\$1,627	\$3,056,603	\$(1,041,610)	\$ 41,805	\$ 6,341	\$ 7,488	\$ 2,439,190

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Amounts in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

				Sh		Noncontro					
		Preferre	d Stock	Co	mmon Sto	ck					
		Shares	Amount	Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Distributions in excess of net earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Partnership		Consolidated Joint Ventures	Total Equity
1	Balance at June 30, 2022	12,879,475	\$366,936	162,981,820	\$1,630	\$3,053,345	\$(1,044,726)	\$ 24,594	\$ 6,325	\$ 7,468	\$ 2,415,572
	Net income	_	_	_	_	_	17,594	_	53	36	17,683
	Unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	17,211	_	_	17,211
	Contributions from consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2)	(2)
	Distribution to consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(14)	(14)
	Amortization of share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	5,818	_	_	_	_	5,818
	Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock	_	_	(654)	_	(9)	_	_	_	_	(9)
	Shares acquired as part of a share repurchase program	_	_	(232,376)	(3)	(2,551)	_	_	_	_	(2,554)
	Forfeiture of restricted stock	_	_	(22,148)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Distributions on preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	(6,279)	_	_	_	(6,279)
	Distributions on common shares and units	_	_	_	_	_	(8,199)	_	(37)	_	(8,236)
1	Balance at September 30, 2022	12,879,475	\$366,936	162,726,642	\$1,627	\$3,056,603	\$(1,041,610)	\$ 41,805	\$ 6,341	\$ 7,488	\$ 2,439,190

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Amounts in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

	Shareholders' Equity							Noncontro		
	Preferre	d Stock	Co	mmon Sto	ck					
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Distributions in excess of net earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Operating Partnership	Consolidated Joint Ventures	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	12,879,475	\$366,936	165,002,752	\$1,650	\$3,077,142	\$ (710,161)	\$ (69,050)	\$ 7,869	\$ 13,002	\$ 2,687,388
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	(277,440)	_	(1,391)	(4,326)	(283,157)
Unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	26,690	_	_	26,690
Reclassification of unrealized losses on discontinued cash flow hedges to other income (expense), net	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,658	_	_	10,658
Redemption of Operating Partnership units	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7)	_	(7)
Contributions from consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	891	891
Issuance of restricted stock	_	_	1,759,193	17	(17)	_	_	_	_	_
Amortization of share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	13,648	_	_	_	_	13,648
Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock	_	_	(160,310)	(1)	(2,450)	_	_	_	_	(2,451)
Forfeiture of restricted stock	_	_	(21,853)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Distributions on preferred shares	_	_		_	_	(18,836)	_	_	_	(18,836)
Distributions on common shares and units	_		_	_	_	(4,644)	_	(16)	_	(4,660)
Balance at September 30, 2021	12,879,475	\$366,936	166,579,782	\$1,666	\$3,088,323	\$(1,011,081)	\$ (31,702)	\$ 6,455	\$ 9,567	\$ 2,430,164

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Amounts in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

		Shareholders' Equity							Noncontrolling Interest		
	Preferre	d Stock	Co	mmon Sto	ck						
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Distributions in excess of net earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Operating Partnership	Consolidated Joint Ventures	Total Equity	
Balance at June 30, 2021	12,879,475	\$366,936	166,626,796	\$1,666	\$3,083,175	\$ (855,106)	\$ (36,297)	\$ 7,195	\$ 12,349	\$ 2,579,918	
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	(148,007)	_	(727)	(3,084)	(151,818)	
Unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,595	_	_	4,595	
Redemption of Operating Partnership units	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7)	_	(7)	
Contributions from consolidated joint venture partners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	302	302	
Amortization of share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	5,524	_	_	_	_	5,524	
Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock	_	_	(26,543)	_	(376)	_	_	_	_	(376)	
Forfeiture of restricted stock	_	_	(20,471)	_		_	_	_	_		
Distributions on preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	(6,279)	_	_	_	(6,279)	
Distributions on common shares and units	_	_	_	_	_	(1,689)	_	(6)	_	(1,695)	
Balance at September 30, 2021	12,879,475	\$366,936	166,579,782	\$1,666	\$3,088,323	\$(1,011,081)	\$ (31,702)	\$ 6,455	\$ 9,567	\$ 2,430,164	

RLJ Lodging Trust Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in thousands)

(unaudited)

	For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income (loss)	\$ 35,415	\$	(283,157)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flow provided by operating activities:			
Gain on sale of hotel properties, net	(996))	(3,133)
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net	_		(893)
Depreciation and amortization	140,346		140,923
Amortization of deferred financing costs	4,522		4,211
Other amortization	1,827		(2,828)
Reclassification of unrealized (gains) losses on discontinued cash flow hedges to other income (expense), net	(5,866))	10,658
Equity in (income) loss from unconsolidated joint ventures	(255))	470
Impairment losses	_		144,845
Amortization of share-based compensation	16,075		12,765
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Hotel and other receivables, net	(11,428))	(15,749)
Prepaid expense and other assets	8,675		6,665
Accounts payable and other liabilities	23,432		14,366
Advance deposits and deferred revenue	1,537		(11,751)
Accrued interest	(9,618))	2,855
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	203,666		20,247
Cash flows from investing activities			,
Acquisition of hotel properties, net	(59,219))	(58,569)
Proceeds from sales of hotel properties, net	48,053	•	36,217
Improvements and additions to hotel properties	(86,638))	(36,203)
Purchase deposits			(5,000)
Contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures	_		(331)
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(97,804))	(63,886)
Cash flows from financing activities	(27,900)	<u></u>	(00,000)
Repayment of Revolver	(200,000))	(200,000)
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	(200,000)	,	1,000,000
Redemption of \$475.0 million senior notes due 2025 (including a \$9.5 million redemption premium)			(484,402)
Scheduled mortgage loan principal payments	_		(1,488)
Repayments of Term Loans			(356,338)
Repayments of mortgage loans (including \$7.0 million in prepayment premiums)	_		(149,183)
Repurchase of common shares under a share repurchase program	(50,000)	1	(142,103)
Repurchase of common shares to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements	(3,598)		(2,451)
Distributions on preferred shares	(18,836)		(18,836)
Distributions on common shares	(5,152)		(5,024)
Distributions on and redemption of Operating Partnership units	(18)		(24)
Payments of deferred financing costs	(17)		(13,982)
Contributions from consolidated joint venture partners	154)	891
, i		\	091
Distribution to consolidated joint venture partners	(2,614)		(220,927)
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(280,081)		(230,837)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reserves	(174,219))	(274,476)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reserves, beginning of year	713,869	_	934,790
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reserves, end of period	\$ 539,650	\$	660,314

RLJ Lodging Trust Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

1. General

Organization

RLJ Lodging Trust (the "Company") was formed as a Maryland real estate investment trust ("REIT") on January 31, 2011. The Company is a self-advised and self-administered REIT that owns primarily premium-branded, high-margin, focused-service and compact full-service hotels. The Company elected to be taxed as a REIT, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 2011.

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are held by, and all of its operations are conducted through, RLJ Lodging Trust, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"). The Company is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. As of September 30, 2022, there were 163,498,473 units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP units") outstanding and the Company owned, through a combination of direct and indirect interests, 99.5% of the outstanding OP units.

As of September 30, 2022, the Company owned 97 hotel properties with approximately 21,400 rooms, located in 23 states and the District of Columbia. The Company, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, owned a 100% interest in 95 of its hotel properties, a 95% controlling interest in one hotel property, and a 50% non-controlling interest in an entity owning one hotel property. The Company consolidates its real estate interests in the 96 hotel properties in which it holds a controlling interest, and the Company records the real estate interest in the one hotel property in which it holds an indirect 50% non-controlling interest using the equity method of accounting. The Company leases 96 of the 97 hotel properties to its taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS"), of which the Company owns a controlling financial interest.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 24, 2022 (the "Annual Report"), contains a discussion of the Company's significant accounting policies. Other than noted below, there have been no significant changes to the Company's significant accounting policies since December 31, 2021.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and in conformity with the rules and regulations of the SEC applicable to financial information. The unaudited financial statements include all adjustments of a normal recurring nature that are necessary, in the opinion of management, to fairly state the consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows

The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, included in the Annual Report.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, the Operating Partnership and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and joint ventures in which the Company has a majority voting interest and control. For the controlled subsidiaries that are not wholly-owned, the third-party ownership interest represents a noncontrolling interest, which is presented separately in the consolidated financial statements. The Company also records the real estate interest in one hotel property in which it holds a 50% non-controlling interest using the equity method of accounting. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts in these financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation with no impact to net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity or cash flows.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and the amounts of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. The guidance provides optional expedients for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or another reference rate that was discontinued at the end of 2021 because of reference rate reform. The guidance was effective upon issuance and expires on December 31, 2022. Based on the Company's assessment, there was no material impact arising from this guidance and the Company has not yet elected to apply any of the optional expedients.

3. Investment in Hotel Properties

Investment in hotel properties consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Land and improvements	\$ 991,267	\$ 975,68
Buildings and improvements	4,011,832	4,001,87
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	722,589	691,05
	 5,725,688	 5,668,62
Accumulated depreciation	(1,554,260)	(1,449,50
Investment in hotel properties, net	\$ 4,171,428	\$ 4,219,11

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized depreciation expense related to its investment in hotel properties of approximately \$46.5 million and \$139.9 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 the Company recognized depreciation expense related to its investment in hotel properties of approximately \$46.9 million and \$140.5 million, respectively.

Impairments

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded impairment losses of \$5.9 million related to two hotel properties to adjust the hotels' carrying amounts to their estimated fair values. This impairment was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2021. In addition, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$138.9 million to write down the Doubletree Metropolitan Hotel New York City to its estimated fair value as of September 30, 2021 of \$153.0 million. This hotel property was sold in December 2021. The fair values were determined based on the contractual sales price pursuant to an executed purchase and sale agreement (a Level 2 measurement in the fair value hierarchy). There were no impairment losses recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

4. Acquisition of Hotel Properties

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the following property:

Property	Location	Acquisition Date	Management Company	Rooms	Purchase Price (in thousands)
21c Hotel Nashville	Nashville, TN	July 29, 2022	Accor Hotels	124	\$ 59,000

The acquisition of the 21c Hotel Nashville was accounted for as an asset acquisition, whereby approximately \$1.0 million of transactions costs were capitalized as part of the cost of the acquisition. The allocation of the costs for the property acquired was as follows (in thousands):

	Septe	ember 30, 2022
Land and improvements	\$	19,777
Buildings and improvements		36,169
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		4,075
Total purchase price	\$	60,021

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the following property:

Property	Location	Acquisition Date	Management Company	Rooms	hase Price (in iousands)
Hampton Inn and Suites Atlanta Midtown	Atlanta, GA	August 5, 2021	Aimbridge Hospitality	186	\$ 58,000

The acquisition of the Hampton Inn and Suites Atlanta Midtown was accounted for as an asset acquisition, whereby approximately \$0.8 million of transactions costs were capitalized as part of the cost of the acquisition. The allocation of the costs for the property acquired was as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2021
Land and improvements	\$ 5,983
Buildings and improvements	48,267
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,563
Total purchase price	\$ 58,813

The value of the assets acquired was primarily based on a sales comparison approach (for land) and a depreciated replacement cost approach (for building and improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment). The sales comparison approach uses inputs of recent land sales in the respective hotel markets. The depreciated replacement cost approach uses inputs of both direct and indirect replacement costs using a nationally recognized authority on replacement cost information as well as the age, square footage and number of rooms of the respective assets.

5. Sale of Hotel Properties

In connection with the sale of hotel properties for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded net gains of \$1.0 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company sold the following hotel properties in two separate transactions for a combined sales price of approximately \$49.9 million:

Hotel Property Name	Location	Sale Date	Rooms
Marriott Denver Airport @ Gateway Park	Aurora, CO	March 8, 2022	238
SpringHill Suites Denver North Westminster	Westminster, CO	April 19, 2022	164
		Total	402

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company sold the following hotel properties in six separate transactions for a combined sales price of approximately \$39.5 million:

Hotel Property Name	Location	Sale Date	Rooms
Courtyard Houston Sugarland	Stafford, TX	January 21, 2021	112
Residence Inn Indianapolis Fishers	Indianapolis, IN	May 10, 2021	78
Residence Inn Chicago Naperville	Warrenville, IL	May 12, 2021	130
Fairfield Inn & Suites Chicago Southeast Hammond	Hammond, IN	July 15, 2021	94
Residence Inn Chicago Southeast Hammond	Hammond, IN	August 3, 2021	78
Courtyard Chicago Southeast Hammond	Hammond, IN	August 5, 2021	85
		Total	577

6. Revenue

The Company recognized revenue from the following geographic markets (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30, 2022						For the three months ended September 30, 2021									
	Roo	om Revenue		Food and Beverage Revenue	Ot	her Revenue	Т	otal Revenue	R	toom Revenue		Food and Beverage Revenue	o	ther Revenue	То	tal Revenue
Northern California	\$	40,634	\$	3,254	\$	2,034	\$	45,922	\$	21,854	\$	983	\$	1,345	\$	24,182
Southern California		33,086		2,874		2,862		38,822		29,782		1,998		2,876		34,656
South Florida		21,445		4,151		2,151		27,747		21,317		2,738		2,029		26,084
Chicago		18,800		2,598		863		22,261		14,308		1,838		691		16,837
New York City		16,469		2,006		810		19,285		10,601		1,083		505		12,189
Boston		13,541		793		491		14,825		5,403		368		89		5,860
Washington, DC		12,900		377		704		13,981		8,292		175		562		9,029
Louisville		8,088		4,602		871		13,561		4,960		1,875		658		7,493
Pittsburgh		9,941		2,132		485		12,558		6,902		1,268		353		8,523
Denver		9,181		1,871		363		11,415		8,776		1,465		259		10,500
Houston		9,416		674		1,089		11,179		7,773		393		1,023		9,189
Atlanta		9,292		385		1,018		10,695		7,173		181		806		8,160
Austin		8,648		879		861		10,388		6,507		345		854		7,706
New Orleans		5,728		265		672		6,665		5,028		3		549		5,580
Charleston		4,983		602		466		6,051		7,873		896		612		9,381
Other		45,211		3,137		4,368		52,716		33,502		1,404		3,494		38,400
Total	\$	267,363	\$	30,600	\$	20,108	\$	318,071	\$	200,051	\$	17,013	\$	16,705	\$	233,769

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021

			Food and Beverage							Food and Beverage				
	Roo	m Revenue	Revenue	Ot	ther Revenue	T	Total Revenue	I	Room Revenue	Revenue	O	ther Revenue	Tot	al Revenue
Northern California	\$	97,430	\$ 7,640	\$	4,769	\$	109,839	\$	45,261	\$ 1,628	\$	3,088	\$	49,977
South Florida		88,394	13,843		6,644		108,881		70,319	8,586		5,962		84,867
Southern California		87,778	6,696		7,635		102,109		64,247	3,720		6,807		74,774
Chicago		42,864	6,564		2,060		51,488		32,831	4,203		1,623		38,657
New York City		40,265	5,651		1,984		47,900		20,461	1,366		907		22,734
Washington DC		36,396	858		1,954		39,208		18,370	263		1,322		19,955
Louisville		23,861	9,761		2,626		36,248		10,292	3,185		1,681		15,158
Boston		31,211	2,339		1,112		34,662		10,057	479		194		10,730
Houston		27,973	2,035		2,988		32,996		20,344	657		2,460		23,461
Austin		28,148	2,423		2,411		32,982		16,066	884		2,042		18,992
Atlanta		27,252	1,437		2,835		31,524		14,822	332		1,904		17,058
Denver		24,138	5,492		1,043		30,673		16,496	2,762		816		20,074
Pittsburgh		22,422	5,330		1,206		28,958		16,973	2,211		728		19,912
New Orleans		24,222	691		2,111		27,024		12,035	32		1,590		13,657
Charleston		20,173	3,234		1,365		24,772		19,570	2,357		1,554		23,481
Other		131,291	8,661		12,255		152,207		81,233	3,573		9,282		94,088
Total	\$	753,818	\$ 82,655	\$	54,998	\$	891,471	\$	469,377	\$ 36,238	\$	41,960	\$	547,575

7. Debt

The Company's debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2022					
Senior Notes, net	\$ 988,716	\$	986,942			
Revolver	_		200,000			
Term Loans, net	816,316		815,004			
Mortgage loans, net	407,720		407,492			
Debt, net	\$ 2,212,752	\$	2,409,438			

Senior Notes

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, the Company's Senior Notes (collectively, the "Senior Notes") consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

				Carryin	g Valu	ie at
	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Sept	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Senior Notes due 2029	4.00%	September 2029	\$	500,000	\$	500,000
Senior Notes due 2026	3.75%	July 2026		500,000		500,000
				1,000,000		1,000,000
Deferred financing costs, net				(11,284)		(13,058)
Total senior notes, net			\$	988,716	\$	986,942

The indentures governing the Senior Notes contain customary covenants that limit the Operating Partnership's ability and, in certain instances, the ability of its subsidiaries, to incur additional debt, create liens on assets, make distributions and pay dividends, make certain types of investments, issue guarantees of indebtedness, and make certain restricted payments. These limitations are subject to a number of exceptions and qualifications set forth in the indentures.

A summary of the various restrictive covenants for the Senior Notes are as follows:

	Covenant	Compliance
Maintenance Covenant		
Unencumbered Asset to Unencumbered Debt Ratio	> 150.0%	Yes
Incurrence Covenants		
Consolidated Indebtedness less than Adjusted Total Assets	< .65x	Yes
Consolidated Secured Indebtedness less than Adjusted Total Assets	< .45x	Yes
Interest Coverage Ratio	> 1.5x	Yes

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with all covenants associated with the Senior Notes.

Revolver and Term Loans

The Company has the following credit agreements in place:

- \$600.0 million revolving credit facility with a scheduled maturity date of May 18, 2024 and a one year extension option if certain conditions are satisfied (the "Revolver");
- \$400.0 million term loan with a scheduled maturity date (excluding the available extension option) of January 25, 2023 (the "\$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023");
- \$225.0 million term loan with a scheduled maturity date (excluding the available extension option) of January 25, 2023 (the "\$225 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023");
- \$150.0 million term loan with a scheduled maturity date (excluding the available extension option) of June 10, 2023 (the "\$150 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023"); and
- \$400.0 million term loan with a scheduled maturity date of May 18, 2025 (the "\$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2025").

The \$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023, the \$225 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023, the \$150 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023, and the \$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2025 are collectively referred to as the "Term Loans."

The Company's credit agreements consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

				Carrying	y Value at			
	Interest Rate at September 30, 2022 (1)	Maturity Date	Septe	September 30, 2022		ember 31, 2021		
Revolver (2)	<u> </u>	May 2024	\$	_	\$	200,000		
\$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023	3.74%	January 2023 (4)		203,944		203,944		
\$225 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023	3.32%	January 2023 (5)		114,718		114,718		
\$150 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023	2.63%	June 2023 (6)		100,000		100,000		
\$400 Million Term Loan Maturing 2025	3.12%	May 2025		400,000		400,000		
				818,662		1,018,662		
Deferred financing costs, net (3)				(2,346)		(3,658)		
Total Revolver and Term Loans, net			\$	816,316	\$	1,015,004		

- (1) Interest rate at September 30, 2022 gives effect to interest rate hedges.
- (2) At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was \$600.0 million and \$400.0 million of remaining capacity on the Revolver, respectively. The Company also has the ability to extend the maturity date for an additional one year period ending May 2025 if certain conditions are satisfied.
- (3) Excludes \$2.0 million and \$2.9 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, related to deferred financing costs on the Revolver, which are included in prepaid expense and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.
- (4) This term loan includes a one-year extension option for approximately \$151.7 million of the principal balance. The exercise of the one-year extension option will be at the Company's discretion, subject to certain conditions.

- (5) This term loan includes a one-year extension option for approximately \$73.0 million of the principal balance. The exercise of the one-year extension option will be at the Company's discretion, subject to certain conditions.
- (6) The Company has the option to extend the maturity one additional year to June 2024.

The Revolver and Term Loans are subject to various financial covenants. A summary of the most restrictive covenants is as follows:

	Original Covenant	Modified Covenant (3)	Compliance
Leverage ratio (1)	<= 7.00x	<= 7.00x	Yes
Fixed charge coverage ratio (2)	>= 1.50x	>= 1.50x	Yes
Secured indebtedness ratio	<= 45.0%	<= 45.0%	Yes
Unencumbered indebtedness ratio	<= 60.0%	<= 65.0%	Yes
Unencumbered debt service coverage ratio	>= 2.00x	>= 1.65x	Yes

- (1) Leverage ratio is net indebtedness, as defined in the Revolver and Term Loan agreements, to corporate earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA"), as defined in the Revolver and Term Loan agreements.
- (2) Fixed charge coverage ratio is Adjusted EBITDA, generally defined in the Revolver and Term Loan agreements as EBITDA less furniture, fixtures and equipment ("FF&E") reserves, to fixed charges, which is generally defined in the Revolver and Term Loan agreements as interest expense, all regularly scheduled principal payments, preferred dividends paid, and cash taxes paid.
- (3) During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company amended its Revolver and Term Loans. The amendments suspended the testing of all existing financial maintenance covenants for all periods through and including the quarter ending March 31, 2022 (the "Covenant Relief Period"). During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company exited the Covenant Relief Period. In addition, for periods following the Covenant Relief Period, the amendments modified certain covenant thresholds, including the leverage ratio, through the fifth quarter following the Covenant Relief Period (the "Leverage Relief Period").

In August 2022, the Company exited the Leverage Relief Period under its Revolver and Term Loan agreements. The impact of these exits includes the reinstatement of financial covenants, the elimination of the minimum liquidity financial covenant, the elimination of limitations on share repurchases and the reinstatement of the original leverage-based pricing grid.

Mortgage Loans

The Company's mortgage loans consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

						Carrying	g Value at		
	Number of Assets Encumbered	Interest Rate at September 30, 2022		Maturity Date		September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Mortgage loan (1)	7	3.30%	(3)	April 2023	(4)	\$ 200,000	\$	200,000	
Mortgage loan (1)	3	2.53%	(3)	April 2024	(5)	96,000		96,000	
Mortgage loan (1)	4	3.43%	(3)	April 2024	(5)	85,000		85,000	
Mortgage loan (2)	1	5.06%		January 2029		27,283		27,554	
	15					408,283		408,554	
Deferred financing costs, net						(563)		(1,062)	
Total mortgage loans, net						\$ 407,720	\$	407,492	

- (1) The hotels encumbered by the mortgage loan are cross-collateralized. Requires payments of interest only through maturity.
- (2) Includes \$2.3 million and \$2.6 million at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, related to a fair value adjustment on this mortgage loan.
- (3) Interest rate at September 30, 2022 gives effect to interest rate hedges.
- (4) The mortgage loan provides for an additional one year extension option.
- (5) The mortgage loan provides two one year extension options.

Certain mortgage agreements are subject to various maintenance covenants requiring the Company to maintain a minimum debt yield or debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR"). Failure to meet the debt yield or DSCR thresholds is not an event of default, but instead triggers a cash trap event. During the cash trap event, the lender or servicer of the mortgage loan controls cash outflows until the loan is covenant compliant. In addition certain mortgage loans have other requirements including continued operation and maintenance of the hotel property. At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, one and two mortgage loans, respectively, were in cash trap events. In addition, the DSCR covenant for one mortgage loan has been waived through December 31, 2022.

At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was approximately \$20.4 million and \$22.4 million, respectively, of restricted cash held by lenders due to cash trap events.

Interest Expense

The components of the Company's interest expense consisted of the following (in thousands):

		For the three months	ended	September 30,	For the nine months ended September 30,					
	2022			2021		2022		2021		
Senior Notes	\$	9,695	\$	11,747	\$	29,125	\$	24,374		
Revolver and Term Loans		7,870		11,780		26,975		43,216		
Mortgage loans		3,388		2,580		9,926		10,328		
Amortization of deferred financing costs		1,420		1,527		4,522		4,211		
Non-cash interest expense related to interest rate hedges		252		(701)		493		(935)		
Total interest expense	\$	22,625	\$	26,933	\$	71,041	\$	81,194		

8. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The following interest rate swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges (in thousands):

		=	- :			
			Notiona	l value at	Fair v	alue at
Hedge type	Interest rate	Maturity	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Swap-cash flow (1)	2.29%	December 2022	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 717	\$ (4,07)
Swap-cash flow (1)	2.29%	December 2022	125,000	125,000	449	(2,54
Swap-cash flow (2)	2.38%	December 2022	_	87,780	_	(1,87
Swap-cash flow (2)	2.38%	December 2022	_	36,875	_	(78
Swap-cash flow (3)	1.28%	September 2022	_	100,000	_	(75
Swap-cash flow	2.39%	December 2023	75,000	75,000	1,789	(2,50
Swap-cash flow	2.51%	December 2023	75,000	75,000	1,671	(2,69
Swap-cash flow	2.75%	November 2023	100,000	100,000	1,658	(3,89
Swap-cash flow	1.24%	September 2025	150,000	150,000	12,033	(86
Swap-cash flow	1.16%	April 2024	50,000	50,000	2,463	(33
Swap-cash flow	1.20%	April 2024	50,000	50,000	2,430	(38
Swap-cash flow	1.15%	April 2024	50,000	50,000	2,471	(32
Swap-cash flow	1.10%	April 2024	50,000	50,000	2,511	(26
Swap-cash flow	0.98%	April 2024	25,000	25,000	1,304	(6
Swap-cash flow	0.95%	April 2024	25,000	25,000	1,316	(4
Swap-cash flow (4)	0.93%	April 2024	25,000	25,000	1,324	(3
Swap-cash flow (4)	0.90%	April 2024	25,000	25,000	1,336	(1
Swap-cash flow (4)	0.85%	December 2024	50,000	50,000	3,607	22
Swap-cash flow (4)	0.75%	December 2024	50,000	50,000	3,716	31
Swap-cash flow (4)	0.65%	January 2026	50,000	50,000	5,294	9:
		•	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 1,399,655	\$ 46,089	\$ (19,91

⁽¹⁾ In June 2021, the Company dedesignated a portion of the original notional value of these swaps as the hedged forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring. Therefore, the Company reclassified a total of \$4.4 million of unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income (loss) to other income, net, in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The portion of the swaps that were dedesignated were subsequently redesignated and the amounts related to the initial fair values of \$4.4 million that were recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) during the new hedging relationship will be reclassified to earnings on a straight line basis over the remaining life of these swaps.

- (2) In June 2021, the Company terminated a portion of the original notional value of these swaps as the hedged forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring and paid approximately \$6.2 million to terminate a portion of these swaps. In February 2022, the Company paid a total of approximately \$1.5 million to terminate these swaps and will reclassify the unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income (loss) to earnings on a straight line basis over the remaining life of these swaps.
- (3) In February 2022, the Company terminated approximately \$75.3 million of the original \$100.0 million notional value of this swap as the hedged forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring. As part of the swap termination, the Company paid approximately \$0.2 million to terminate a portion of this swap. The Company will reclassify the unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income (loss) to earnings on a straight line basis over the remaining life of the swap.
- (4) In February 2022, the Company dedesignated these swaps as the hedged forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring. Therefore, the Company reclassified a total of approximately \$5.9 million of unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income (loss) to other income, net, in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). These swaps were subsequently redesignated and the amounts related to the initial fair value of \$5.9 million that are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) during the new hedging relationship will be reclassified to earnings on a straight line basis over the remaining life of these swaps.

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the aggregate fair value of the interest rate swap assets of \$46.1 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, was included in prepaid expense and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2021, the aggregate fair value of the interest rate swap liabilities of \$21.5 million was included in accounts payable and other liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

As of September 30, 2022, there was approximately \$41.8 million of unrealized gains included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to interest rate swaps. As of December 31, 2021, there was approximately \$17.1 million of unrealized losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to interest rate swaps. There was no ineffectiveness recorded during the three or nine month periods ended September 30, 2022 or 2021. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, approximately \$1.3 million and \$6.8 million, respectively, of the amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) were reclassified into interest expense for the interest rate swaps. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, approximately \$5.0 million and \$18.9 million, respectively, of the amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) were reclassified into interest expense for the interest rate swaps. Approximately \$24.1 million of the unrealized gains included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at September 30, 2022 is expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

9. Fair Value

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or most advantageous market. The fair value hierarchy has three levels of inputs, both observable and unobservable:

- Level 1 Inputs include quoted market prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs are market data, other than Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted market prices in an inactive market, and other observable information that can be corroborated by market data.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable and corroborated by little or no market data.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company used the following market assumptions and/or estimation methods:

- Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash reserves, hotel and other receivables, accounts payable and other liabilities The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate fair value because of their short term maturities.
- Debt The Company estimated the fair value of the Senior Notes by using publicly available trading prices, which are Level 1 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. The Company estimated the fair value of the Revolver and Term Loans by using a discounted cash flow model and incorporating various inputs and assumptions for the effective borrowing rates for debt with similar terms, which are Level 2 and Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. The Company

estimated the fair value of the mortgage loans by using a discounted cash flow model and incorporating various inputs and assumptions for the effective borrowing rates for debt with similar terms and the loan to estimated fair value of the collateral, which are Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of the Company's debt was as follows (in thousands):

	Septemb	er 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
Senior Notes, net	988,716	\$ 822,500	\$ 986,942	\$ 999,060		
Revolver and Term Loans, net	816,316	801,999	1,015,004	1,006,647		
Mortgage loans, net	407,720	385,807	407,492	401,387		
Debt, net	\$ 2,212,752	\$ 2,010,306	\$ 2,409,438	\$ 2,407,094		

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2022 (in thousands):

		Fair Value at September 30, 2022							
	Level 1			Level 2	Leve	el 3	Total		
Interest rate swap asset	\$		\$	46,089	\$		\$	46,089	
Total	\$		\$	46,089	\$		\$	46,089	

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2021 (in thousands):

	Fair Value at December 31, 2021							
	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Interest rate swap asset	\$		\$	1,548	\$	_	\$	1,548
Interest rate swap liability		_		(21,465)		_		(21,465)
Total	\$		\$	(19,917)	\$		\$	(19,917)

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows for each derivative. The Company determined that the significant inputs, such as interest yield curves and discount rates, used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and that the credit valuation adjustments associated with the Company's counterparties and its own credit risk utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and its counterparties. As of September 30, 2022, the Company assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and determined that the credit valuation adjustments were not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, the Company determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

10. Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases, and for net operating loss, capital loss and tax credit carryforwards. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted income tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be realized or settled. The effect on the deferred tax assets and liabilities from a change in tax rates is recognized in earnings in the period when the new rate is enacted. However, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be realized based on consideration of all available evidence, including the future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, future projected taxable income and tax planning strategies. Valuation allowances are provided if, based upon the weight of the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company is still continuing to provide a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets.

The Company had no accruals for tax uncertainties as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Restricted Cash Reserves

The Company is obligated to maintain cash reserve funds for future capital expenditures at the hotels (including the periodic replacement or refurbishment of FF&E as determined pursuant to the management agreements, franchise agreements and/or mortgage loan documents). The management agreements, franchise agreements and/or mortgage loan documents require the Company to reserve cash ranging typically from 3.0% to 5.0% of the individual hotel's revenues. Any unexpended amounts will remain the property of the Company upon termination of the management agreements, franchise agreements or mortgage loan documents. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, approximately \$51.5 million and \$48.5 million, respectively, was available in the restricted cash reserves for future capital expenditures, real estate taxes, insurance and debt obligations where certain lenders held restricted cash due to a cash trap event.

Litigation

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is currently involved in any regulatory or legal proceedings that management believes will have a material and adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Management Agreements

As of September 30, 2022, 96 of the Company's consolidated hotel properties were operated pursuant to management agreements with initial terms ranging from one to 25 years. This number includes 34 hotel properties that receive the benefits of a franchise agreement pursuant to management agreements with Hilton, Hyatt, or Marriott. Each management company receives a base management fee between 1.75% and 3.5% of hotel revenues. Management agreements that include the benefits of a franchise agreement incur a base management fee between 2.0% and 7.0% of hotel revenues. The management companies are also eligible to receive an incentive management fee if hotel operating income, as defined in the management agreements, exceeds certain thresholds. The incentive management fee is generally calculated as a percentage of hotel operating income after the Company has received a priority return on its investment in the hotel.

Management fees are included in management and franchise fee expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred management fee expense of approximately \$10.4 million and \$29.0 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred management fee expense of approximately \$7.0 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

Franchise Agreements

As of September 30, 2022, 60 of the Company's consolidated hotel properties were operated under franchise agreements with initial terms ranging from one to 30 years. This number excludes 34 hotel properties that receive the benefits of a franchise agreement pursuant to management agreements with Hilton, Hyatt, or Marriott. In addition, two hotels are not operated with a hotel brand so they do not have franchise agreements. Franchise agreements allow the hotel properties to operate under the respective brands. Pursuant to the franchise agreements, the Company pays a royalty fee, between 3.0% and 6.0% of room revenue, plus additional fees for marketing, central reservation systems and other franchisor costs between 1.0% and 4.3% of room revenue. Certain hotels are also charged a royalty fee between 1.5% and 3.0% of food and beverage revenues.

Franchise fees are included in management and franchise fee expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred franchise fee expense of approximately \$16.2 million and \$46.2 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred franchise fee expense of approximately \$12.9 million and \$30.5 million, respectively.

Wyndham Agreements

In 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Wyndham to terminate the net operating income guarantee and received termination payments totaling \$36.0 million from Wyndham. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$1.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, as a reduction in management and franchise fee expense related to the amortization of the termination payments over the remaining terms of the management agreements. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recognized approximately \$3.7 million and \$12.7 million, respectively, as a reduction in management and franchise fee expense related to the amortization of the termination payments over the remaining terms of the management agreements.

12. Equity

Common Shares of Beneficial Interest

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company declared a cash dividend of \$0.01 per common share in each of the first and second quarters of 2022 and a cash dividend of \$0.05 per common share in the third quarter of 2022. During the nine months ended September 20, 2021, the Company declared a cash dividend of \$0.01 per common share in each of the first, second and third quarters of 2021.

On April 29, 2022, the Company's board of trustees approved a new share repurchase program to acquire up to an aggregate of \$250.0 million of common and preferred shares from May 9, 2022 to May 8, 2023 (the "2022 Share Repurchase Program"). During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company repurchased and retired approximately 4.2 million common shares for approximately \$50.0 million. As of September 30, 2022, the 2022 Share Repurchase Program had a remaining capacity of \$200.0 million.

Series A Preferred Shares

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company declared a cash dividend of \$0.4875 on each Series A Preferred Share in each of the first, second and third quarters of 2022 and 2021.

Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Ventures

The Company consolidates the joint venture that owns The Knickerbocker, which has a third-party partner that owns a noncontrolling 5% ownership interest in the joint venture. The third-party ownership interests are included in the noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures on the consolidated balance sheets.

Noncontrolling Interest in the Operating Partnership

The Company consolidates the Operating Partnership, which is a majority-owned limited partnership that has a noncontrolling interest. The outstanding OP units held by the limited partners are redeemable for cash, or at the option of the Company, for a like number of common shares. As of September 30, 2022, 771,831 outstanding OP units were held by the limited partners. The noncontrolling interest is included in the noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership on the consolidated balance sheets.

13. Equity Incentive Plan

The Company may issue share-based awards to officers, employees, non-employee trustees and other eligible persons under the RLJ Lodging Trust 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan"). The 2021 Plan provides for a maximum of 6,828,527 common shares to be issued in the form of share options, share appreciation rights, restricted share awards, unrestricted share awards, share units, dividend equivalent rights, long-term incentive units, other equity-based awards and cash bonus awards.

Share Awards

From time to time, the Company may award unvested restricted shares as compensation to officers, employees and non-employee trustees. The issued shares vest over a period of time as determined by the board of trustees at the date of grant. The Company recognizes compensation expense for time-based unvested restricted shares on a straight-line basis over the vesting period based upon the fair market value of the shares on the date of issuance, adjusted for forfeitures.

Non-employee trustees may also elect to receive unrestricted shares as compensation that would otherwise be paid in cash for their services. The shares issued to non-employee trustees in lieu of cash compensation are unrestricted and include no vesting conditions. The Company recognizes compensation expense for the unrestricted shares issued in lieu of cash compensation on the date of issuance based upon the fair market value of the shares on that date.

A summary of the unvested restricted shares as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

	2022					
	Number of Shares	V	Veighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value			
Unvested at January 1, 2022	2,380,283	\$	15.43			
Granted	569,600		15.10			
Vested	(634,350)		15.67			
Forfeited	(28,213)		12.86			
Unvested at September 30, 2022	2,287,320	\$	15.31			

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$3.5 million and \$10.7 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to restricted share awards. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recognized approximately \$3.6 million and \$8.5 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to restricted share awards. As of September 30, 2022, there was \$23.7 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested restricted share awards and these costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years. The total fair value of the shares vested (calculated as the number of shares multiplied by the vesting date share price) during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 was approximately \$8.8 million and \$7.4 million, respectively.

Performance Units

From time to time, the Company may award performance units as compensation to officers and employees. The performance units granted prior to 2021 vest over a four year period, including three years of performance-based vesting (the "performance units measurement period") plus an additional one year of time-based vesting. These performance units may convert into restricted shares at a range of 0% to 200% of the number of performance units granted contingent upon the Company achieving an absolute total shareholder return (40% of award) and a relative total shareholder return (60% of award) over the measurement period at specified percentiles of the peer group, as defined by the awards. If at the end of the performance units measurement period the target criterion is met, then 50% of the performance units that are earned will vest at the end of the measurement period. The remaining 50% convert to restricted shares that will vest on the one year anniversary of the end of the measurement period. For any restricted shares issued upon conversion, the award recipient will be entitled to receive payment of an amount equal to all dividends that would have been paid if such restricted shares had been issued at the beginning of the performance units measurement period. The fair value of the performance units is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation, and an expected term equal to the requisite service period for the awards of four years. The Company estimates the compensation expense for the performance units on a straight-line basis using a calculation that recognizes 50% of the grant date fair value over three years and 50% of the grant date fair value over four years.

The performance units granted in 2021 and 2022 vest at the end of a three year period. These performance units may convert into restricted shares at a range of 0% to 200% of the number of performance units granted contingent upon the Company achieving an absolute total shareholder return (25% of award) and a relative shareholder return (75% of award) over the measurement period at specified percentiles of the peer group, as defined by the awards. At the end of the performance units measurement period the target criterion is met, 100% of the performance units that are earned will vest immediately. The award recipients will not be entitled to receive any dividends prior to the date of conversion. For any restricted shares issued upon conversion, the award recipient will be entitled to receive payment of an amount equal to all dividends that would have been paid if such restricted shares had been issued at the beginning of the performance units measurement period. For performance units granted in 2021 and 2022, the Company estimates the compensation expense for the performance units on a straight-line basis using a calculation that recognizes 100% of the grant date fair value over three years.

A summary of the performance unit awards is as follows:

Date of Award	Number of Units Granted	Grant Date Fair Value	Conversion Range	Risk Free Interest Rate	Volatility
February 2019 (1)	260,000	\$19.16	0% to 200%	2.52%	27.19%
February 2020	489,000	\$11.59	0% to 200%	1.08%	23.46%
February 2021	431,151	\$20.90	0% to 200%	0.23%	69.47%
February 2022	407,024	\$21.96	0% to 200%	1.7%	70.15%

(1) In February 2022, following the end of the measurement period, the Company met certain threshold criterion and the performance units converted into approximately 133,000 restricted shares. Half of the restricted shares vested immediately with the remaining half vesting in February 2023. As of September 30, 2022, there were approximately 67,000 unvested restricted shares related to the conversion of the performance units. The total fair value of the vested shares related to the conversion of the performance units (calculated as the number of vested shares multiplied by the vesting date share price) during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was approximately \$0.8 million.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$1.9 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to the performance unit awards. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recognized approximately \$1.5 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to the performance unit awards. As of September 30, 2022, there was \$12.5 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to the performance unit awards and these costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.9 years.

As of September 30, 2022, there were 3,553,973 common shares available for future grant under the 2021 Plan, which includes potential common shares that may convert from performance units if certain target criterion is met.

14. Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period excluding the weighted-average number of unvested restricted shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus any shares that could potentially be outstanding during the period. The potential shares consist of the unvested restricted share grants and unvested performance units, calculated using the treasury stock method. Any anti-dilutive shares have been excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation.

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating shares and are considered in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. If there were any undistributed earnings allocable to the participating shares, they would be deducted from net income attributable to common shareholders used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations.

The limited partners' outstanding OP units (which may be redeemed for common shares under certain circumstances) have been excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation as there was no effect on the amounts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, since the limited partners' share of income would also be added back to net income attributable to common shareholders.

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share is as follows (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Numerator:								
Net income (loss) attributable to RLJ	\$	17,594	\$	(148,007)	\$	35,312	\$	(277,440)
Less: Preferred dividends		(6,279)		(6,279)		(18,836)		(18,836)
Less: Dividends paid on unvested restricted shares		(118)		(25)		(167)		(61)
Less: Undistributed earnings attributable to unvested restricted shares		(46)		_		(73)		_
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders excluding amounts attributable to unvested restricted shares	\$	11,151	\$	(154,311)	\$	16,236	\$	(296,337)
Denominator:								
Weighted-average number of common shares - basic		160,368,297		164,068,011		162,681,840		163,964,227
Unvested restricted shares		311,171		_		319,985		_
Unvested performance units		105,241		_		62,637		_
Weighted-average number of common shares - diluted		160,784,709		164,068,011		163,064,462		163,964,227
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders - basic	\$	0.07	\$	(0.94)	\$	0.10	\$	(1.81)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders - diluted	\$	0.07	\$	(0.94)	\$	0.10	\$	(1.81)

15. Supplemental Information to Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	Fo	For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2022		2021	
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reserves					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	488,146	\$	624,551	
Restricted cash reserves		51,504		35,763	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reserves	\$	539,650	\$	660,314	
Interest paid	\$	76,768	\$	78,578	
Income taxes paid	\$	850	\$	154	
Operating cash flow lease payments for operating leases	\$	12,438	\$	8,985	
Right-of-use asset and liability adjustment due to remeasurement	\$	(2,473)	\$		
Supplemental investing and financing transactions					
In connection with the acquisitions of hotel properties, the Company recorded the following:					
Purchase of hotel properties	\$	59,000	\$	58,000	
Transaction costs		1,021		813	
Operating prorations		(802)		(244)	
Acquisition of hotel properties, net	\$	59,219	\$	58,569	
In connection with the sales of hotel properties, the Company recorded the following:					
Sales price	\$	49,900	\$	39,507	
Transaction costs		(856)		(2,158)	
Operating prorations		(991)		(1,132)	
Proceeds from the sale of hotel properties, net	\$	48,053	\$	36,217	
Supplemental non-cash transactions					
Accrued capital expenditures	\$	2,363	\$	3,472	

16. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2022, the Company repurchased and retired approximately 0.7 million common shares for approximately \$7.1 million.

In October 2022, the Company exited the Covenant Relief Pledged Collateral Period under its Revolver and Term Loan agreements, which required equity pledges of certain subsidiaries.

In October 2022, the Company exercised its option to extend the maturities to January 2024 of approximately \$151.7 million of the principal balance of its \$400.0 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023 and approximately \$73.0 million of the principal balance of its \$225.0 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023.

In November 2022, the Company amended its \$150.0 Million Term Loan Maturing 2023 to increase the amount of the term loan up to \$200.0 million and extend the maturity to January 2026. A portion of this term loan will be used to repay the principal balances of certain of the Company's other term loans.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report, as well as the information contained in our Annual Report, which is accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

The following information contains certain statements, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, that are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the use of the words "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "may," "will," "will continue," "intend," "should," or similar expressions. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, beliefs and expectations, such forward-looking statements are not predictions of future events or guarantees of future performance and our actual results could differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. We caution investors not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and urge investors to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and uncertainties in the sections entitled "Forward-Looking Statements," "Risk Factors," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report, as well as the risks, uncertainties and other factors discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and identified in other documents filed by us with the SEC.

Overview

We are a self-advised and self-administered Maryland REIT that owns primarily premium-branded, high-margin, focused-service and compact full-service hotels. We own a geographically diversified portfolio of hotels located in high-growth urban markets that exhibit multiple demand generators and attractive long-term growth prospects. We believe that our investment strategy allows us to generate high levels of Revenue per Available Room ("RevPAR"), strong operating margins and attractive returns.

Our strategy is to own primarily premium-branded, focused-service and compact full-service hotels. Focused-service and compact full-service hotels typically generate most of their revenue from room rentals, have limited food and beverage outlets and meeting space, and require fewer employees than traditional full-service hotels. We believe these types of hotels have the potential to generate attractive returns relative to other types of hotels due to their ability to achieve RevPAR levels at or close to those achieved by traditional full-service hotels while achieving higher profit margins due to their more efficient operating model and less volatile cash flows.

As of September 30, 2022, we owned 97 hotel properties with approximately 21,400 rooms, located in 23 states and the District of Columbia. We owned, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, a 100% interest in 95 of our hotel properties, a 95% controlling interest in one hotel property, and a 50% non-controlling interest in an entity owning one hotel property. We consolidate our real estate interests in the 96 hotel properties in which we hold a controlling interest, and we record the real estate interests in the one hotel property in which we hold a 50% non-controlling interest using the equity method of accounting. We lease 96 of the 97 hotel properties to our TRS, of which we own a controlling financial interest.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we elected to be taxed as a REIT commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2011. Substantially all of our assets and liabilities are held by, and all of our operations are conducted through our Operating Partnership. We are the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. As of September 30, 2022, we owned, through a combination of direct and indirect interests, 99.5% of the units of limited partnership interest in the OP units.

2022 Significant Activities

Our significant activities reflect our commitment to creating long-term shareholder value through enhancing our hotel portfolio's quality, recycling capital and maintaining a prudent capital structure. The following significant activities have taken place in 2022:

- Paid off the \$200.0 million outstanding balance on our Revolver using cash on hand.
- Sold two hotel properties for a combined sales price of approximately \$49.9 million.
- Exercised a one-year extension option on a mortgage loan extending the maturity to April 2023.
- Purchased and retired approximately 4.9 million shares for \$57.1 million under a new share repurchase program.
- Acquired the 124-room 21c Hotel in Nashville, Tennessee for \$59.0 million.
- Satisfied the requirements to exit the Covenant Relief Period, Leverage Relief Period, and Covenant Relief Pledged Collateral Period under our Revolver and Term Loan agreements.
- Amended a term loan agreement to increase the amount of the term loan up to \$200.0 million and extend the maturity to January 2026.
- Exercised a one-year extension option on approximately \$225.0 of the principal balances on certain term loans extending the maturities to January 2024

Our Customers

The majority of our hotels consist of premium-branded, focused-service and compact full-service hotels. As a result of this property profile, the majority of our customers are transient in nature. Transient business typically represents individual business or leisure travelers. The majority of our hotels are located in business districts within major metropolitan areas. Accordingly, business travelers represent the majority of the transient demand at our hotels. As a result, macroeconomic factors impacting business travel have a greater effect on our business than factors impacting leisure travel.

Group business is typically defined as a minimum of 10 guestrooms booked together as part of the same piece of business. Group business may or may not use the meeting space at any given hotel. Given the limited meeting space at the majority of our hotels, group business that utilizes meeting space represents a small component of our customer base.

A number of our hotel properties are affiliated with brands marketed toward extended-stay customers. Extended-stay customers are generally defined as those staying five nights or longer.

Our Revenues and Expenses

Our revenues are primarily derived from the operation of hotels, including the sale of rooms, food and beverage revenue and other revenue, which consists of parking fees, resort fees, gift shop sales and other guest service fees.

Our operating costs and expenses consist of the costs to provide hotel services, including room expense, food and beverage expense, management and franchise fees and other operating expenses. Room expense includes housekeeping and front office wages and payroll taxes, reservation systems, room supplies, laundry services and other costs. Food and beverage expense primarily includes the cost of food, the cost of beverages and the associated labor costs. Other operating expenses include labor and other costs associated with the other operating department revenue, as well as labor and other costs associated with administrative departments, sales and marketing, repairs and maintenance and utility costs. Our hotels that are subject to franchise agreements are charged a royalty fee, plus additional fees for marketing, central reservation systems and other franchisor costs, in order for the hotel properties to operate under the respective brands. Franchise fees are based on a percentage of room revenue and for certain hotels additional franchise fees are charged for food and beverage revenue. Our hotels are managed by independent, third-party management companies under long-term agreements pursuant to which the management companies typically earn base and incentive management fees based on the levels of revenues and profitability of each individual hotel property. We generally receive a cash distribution from the management companies on a monthly basis, which reflects hotel-level sales less hotel-level operating expenses.

Key Indicators of Financial Performance

We use a variety of operating, financial and other information to evaluate the operating performance of our business. These key indicators include financial information that is prepared in accordance with GAAP as well as other financial measures that are non-GAAP measures. In addition, we use other information that may not be financial in nature, including industry standard statistical information and comparative data. We use this information to measure the operating performance of our individual hotels, groups of hotels and/or business as a whole. We also use these metrics to evaluate the hotels in our portfolio and potential acquisition opportunities to determine each hotel's contribution to cash flow and its potential to provide attractive long-term total returns. The key indicators include:

- Average Daily Rate ("ADR")
- Occupancy
- RevPAR

ADR, Occupancy and RevPAR are commonly used measures within the lodging industry to evaluate operating performance. RevPAR is an important statistic for monitoring operating performance at the individual hotel property level and across our entire business. We evaluate individual hotel RevPAR performance on an absolute basis with comparisons to budget and prior periods, as well as on a regional and company-wide basis. ADR and RevPAR include only room revenue.

We also use non-GAAP measures such as FFO, Adjusted FFO, EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA to evaluate the operating performance of our business. For a more in depth discussion of the non-GAAP measures, please refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of our financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. It is possible that the actual amounts may differ significantly from these estimates and assumptions. We evaluate our estimates, assumptions and judgments on an ongoing basis, based on information that is available to us, our business and industry experience, and various other matters that we believe are reasonable and appropriate for consideration under the circumstances. Our Annual Report contains a discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates. There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates since December 31, 2021.

Results of Operations

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, we owned 97 and 98 hotel properties, respectively. Based on when a hotel property is acquired, sold or closed for renovation, the operating results for certain hotel properties are not comparable for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. The noncomparable properties include ten hotel properties that were sold or otherwise disposed in 2022 and 2021 and four acquisitions that were completed in 2022 and 2021.

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2022 to the three months ended September 30, 2021

	Fo	For the three months ended September 30,					
		2022		2021		\$ Change	
			(amou	nts in thousands)			
Revenues							
Operating revenues							
Room revenue	\$	267,363	\$	200,051	\$	67,312	
Food and beverage revenue		30,600		17,013		13,587	
Other revenue		20,108		16,705		3,403	
Total revenues		318,071		233,769		84,302	
Expenses							
Operating expenses							
Room expense		68,394		51,951		16,443	
Food and beverage expense		23,375		12,576		10,799	
Management and franchise fee expense		25,390		16,225		9,165	
Other operating expenses		82,021		67,599		14,422	
Total property operating expenses		199,180		148,351		50,829	
Depreciation and amortization		46,559		47,065		(506)	
Impairment loss		_		138,899		(138,899)	
Property tax, insurance and other		20,744		21,290		(546)	
General and administrative		13,446		12,630		816	
Transaction costs		(773)		(154)		(619)	
Total operating expenses		279,156		368,081		(88,925)	
Other income, net		710		676		34	
Interest income		1,281		222		1,059	
Interest expense		(22,625)		(26,933)		4,308	
(Loss) gain on sale of hotel properties, net		(57)		1,947		(2,004)	
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net		_		7,100		(7,100)	
Income (loss) before equity in loss from unconsolidated joint ventures		18,224		(151,300)		169,524	
Equity in loss from unconsolidated joint ventures		(150)		(232)		82	
Income (loss) before income tax expense		18,074		(151,532)		169,606	
Income tax expense		(391)		(286)		(105)	
Net income (loss)		17,683		(151,818)		169,501	
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:		,				,	
Noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership		(53)		727		(780)	
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures		(36)		3,084		(3,120)	
Net income (loss) attributable to RLJ		17,594		(148,007)		165,601	
Preferred dividends		(6,279)		(6,279)			
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	11,315	\$	(154,286)	\$	165,601	

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$84.3 million to \$318.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$233.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$67.3 million increase in room revenue, a \$13.6 million increase in food and beverage revenue, and a \$3.4 million increase in other revenue.

Room Revenue

Room revenue increased \$67.3 million to \$267.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$200.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$63.9 million increase in room revenue attributable to the comparable properties and a \$3.4 million increase in room revenue attributable to the non-comparable properties. The increase in room revenue from the comparable properties was attributable to an increase in RevPAR, including a significant increase in ADR, resulting from an increase in demand as compared to the prior period. Though RevPAR increased over the comparable period in 2021, it remained below the comparable period in 2019.

The following are the quarter-to-date key hotel operating statistics for the comparable properties:

	For the three months ended September 30,									
	2022	2021		2019						
Occupancy	72.8 %	63.9 %		80.5 %						
ADR	\$ 186.97	\$ 160.17	\$	179.13						
RevPAR	\$ 136.09	\$ 102.36	\$	144.13						

Food and Beverage Revenue

Food and beverage revenue increased \$13.6 million to \$30.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$17.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$13.1 million increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the comparable properties and a \$0.5 million increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the non-comparable properties. The increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the comparable properties was due to an increase in group business and the reopening of certain food and beverage outlets.

Other Revenue

Other revenue increased \$3.4 million to \$20.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$16.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$3.2 million increase in other revenue attributable to the comparable properties and a \$0.2 million increase in other revenue attributable to the comparable properties was primarily due to an increase in parking fees, resort fees, and cancellation fees that corresponded to the increase in demand over the prior period.

Property Operating Expenses

Property operating expenses increased \$50.8 million to \$199.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$148.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was due to a \$51.9 million increase in property operating expenses attributable to the comparable properties, which was partially offset by a \$1.1 million decrease in property operating expenses attributable to the non-comparable properties.

The components of our property operating expenses for the comparable properties were as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,					
		2022		2021	9	S Change
Room expense	\$	66,473	\$	49,898	\$	16,575
Food and beverage expense		22,694		12,320		10,374
Management and franchise fee expense		24,209		15,544		8,665
Other operating expenses		79,528		63,262		16,266
Total property operating expenses	\$	192,904	\$	141,024	\$	51,880

The increase in property operating expenses attributable to the comparable properties corresponded to an increase in demand over the prior period. Management and franchise fee expense for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 included a reduction to management and franchise fee expense of \$1.2 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, related to the recognition of the Wyndham termination payment. The decrease in the recognition of the Wyndham termination payment was primarily due to certain Wyndham agreements expiring in 2021.

Impairment Loss

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we recorded an impairment loss of \$138.9 million related to the DoubleTree Metropolitan New York City as we determined that the carrying value of the hotel property was not recoverable. There was no impairment loss recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Property Tax, Insurance and Other

Property tax, insurance and other expense decreased \$0.5 million to \$20.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$21.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease was attributable to a \$1.5 million decrease in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the non-comparable properties, which was partially offset by a \$1.0 million increase in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the comparable properties. The increase in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the comparable properties was primarily related to an increase in insurance premiums and an increase in ground rent expense caused by higher percentage rent obligations and the impact of increases in the consumer price index

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased \$0.8 million to \$13.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$12.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in non-cash compensation expense and an increase in payroll tax expense due to payroll tax credits in the prior year that did not recur in the current year.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$4.3 million to \$22.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 from \$26.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021. Interest expense decreased due to lower average debt balances and lower effective interest rates, including the impact of exiting the Covenant Relief Period under our Revolver and Term Loan agreements. The components of our interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,					
		2022		2021	9	S Change
Senior Notes	\$	9,695	\$	11,747	\$	(2,052)
Revolver and Term Loans		7,870		11,780		(3,910)
Mortgage loans		3,388		2,580		808
Amortization of deferred financing costs		1,420		1,527		(107)
Non-cash interest expense related to interest rate hedges		252		(701)		953
Total interest expense	\$	22,625	\$	26,933	\$	(4,308)

(Loss) Gain on Sale of Hotel Properties, net

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we sold three hotel properties for an aggregate sales price of approximately \$21.8 million and recorded a net gain on sale of approximately \$1.5 million. There were no hotels sold during the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to the nine months ended September 30, 2021

	For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021	\$ Change
			(amounts	s in thousands)	
Revenues					
Operating revenues					
Room revenue	\$	753,818	\$	469,377	\$ 284,441
Food and beverage revenue		82,655		36,238	46,417
Other revenue		54,998		41,960	13,038
Total revenues		891,471		547,575	343,896
Expenses					
Operating expenses					
Room expense		188,015		124,276	63,739
Food and beverage expense		61,314		25,841	35,473
Management and franchise fee expense		71,846		34,216	37,630
Other operating expenses		227,563		173,602	53,961
Total property operating expenses		548,738		357,935	190,803
Depreciation and amortization		140,346		140,923	(577)
Impairment losses		_		144,845	(144,845)
Property tax, insurance and other		66,206		65,419	787
General and administrative		40,928		35,564	5,364
Transaction costs		(575)		101	(676)
Total operating expenses		795,643		744,787	50,856
Other income (expense), net		8,716		(8,579)	17,295
Interest income		1,800		826	974
Interest expense		(71,041)		(81,194)	10,153
Gain on sale of hotel properties, net		996		3,133	(2,137)
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net		_		893	(893)
Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures		36,299		(282,133)	318,432
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures		255		(470)	725
Income (loss) before income tax expense		36,554		(282,603)	319,157
Income tax expense		(1,139)		(554)	(585)
Net income (loss)		35,415		(283,157)	 318,572
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:					
Noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership		(74)		1,391	(1,465)
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures		(29)		4,326	(4,355)
Net income (loss) attributable to RLJ		35,312		(277,440)	312,752
Preferred dividends		(18,836)		(18,836)	_
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$	16,476	\$	(296,276)	\$ 312,752

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$343.9 million to \$891.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$547.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$284.4 million increase in room revenue, a \$46.4 million increase in food and beverage revenue, and a \$13.0 million increase in other revenue.

Room Revenue

Room revenue increased \$284.4 million to \$753.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$469.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$276.5 million increase in room revenue attributable to the comparable properties, and a \$7.9 million increase in room revenue attributable to the non-comparable properties. The increase in room revenue from the comparable properties was attributable to an increase in RevPAR, including a significant increase in ADR, resulting from an increase in demand over the prior period. The increase was also attributable to the impact of hotels that were closed for all or a portion of the prior period being open for the entirety of the current period. Though RevPAR increased over the comparable period in 2021, it remained below the comparable period in 2019.

The following are the year-to-date key hotel operating statistics for the comparable properties:

	For the nine months ended September 30,								
	2022		2021		2019				
Occupancy	69.6 %		56.2 %		80.0 %				
ADR	\$ 186.57	\$	143.73	\$	186.17				
RevPAR	\$ 129.94	\$	80.75	\$	148.86				

Food and Beverage Revenue

Food and beverage revenue increased \$46.4 million to \$82.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$36.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$45.2 million increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the comparable properties and a \$1.3 million increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the non-comparable properties. The increase in food and beverage revenue attributable to the comparable properties was due to an increase in group business and the reopening of certain food and beverage outlets. The increase was also attributable to the impact of hotels that were closed for all or a portion of the prior period being open for the entirety of the current period.

Other Revenue

Other revenue increased \$13.0 million to \$55.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$42.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was the result of a \$12.1 million increase in other revenue attributable to the comparable properties and a \$0.9 million increase in other revenue attributable to the comparable properties was primarily due to an increase in parking fees, resort fees, and gift shop sales that corresponded to the increase in demand over the prior period.

Property Operating Expenses

Property operating expenses increased \$190.8 million to \$548.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$357.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was due to a \$193.3 million increase in property operating expenses attributable to the comparable properties, which was partially offset by a \$2.5 million decrease in property operating expenses attributable to the non-comparable properties.

The components of our property operating expenses for the comparable properties were as follows (in thousands):

	For the nine months ended September 30,					
		2022		2021	5	S Change
Room expense	\$	182,827	\$	118,963	\$	63,864
Food and beverage expense		59,866		25,359		34,507
Management and franchise fee expense		68,895		32,365		36,530
Other operating expenses		220,830		162,452		58,378
Total property operating expenses	\$	532,418	\$	339,139	\$	193,279

The increase in property operating expenses attributable to the comparable properties corresponded to an increase in demand over the prior period. The increase was also attributable to the impact of hotels that were closed for all or a portion of the prior period being open for the entirety of the current period. Management and franchise fee expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 included a reduction in management and franchise fee expense of \$3.3 million and \$12.7 million, respectively, related to the recognition of the Wyndham termination payment. The decrease in the recognition of the Wyndham termination payment was due to certain Wyndham agreements expiring in 2021 coupled with the remaining agreements being extended and recognized over a longer period.

Impairment Losses

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recorded impairment losses of \$5.9 million related to two hotel properties that were sold in May 2021. In addition, we recorded an impairment loss of \$138.9 million related to the DoubleTree Metropolitan New York City as we determined that the carrying value of the hotel property was not recoverable. There was no impairment loss recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Property Tax, Insurance and Other

Property tax, insurance and other expense increased \$0.8 million to \$66.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 from \$65.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was attributable to a \$5.4 million increase in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the comparable properties, which was partially offset by a \$4.6 million decrease in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the non-comparable properties. The increase in property tax, insurance and other expense attributable to the comparable properties was attributable to recognizing a larger benefit during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 than during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 related to the reversal of accrued real estate tax liabilities in excess of the amounts owed for certain of our California hotels acquired in our merger with FelCor Lodging Trust. Additionally, the increase was attributable to an increase in insurance premiums and an increase in ground rent expense caused by higher percentage rent obligations and the impact of increases in the consumer price index.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased \$5.4 million to \$40.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$35.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in non-cash compensation expense and an increase in payroll tax expense due to payroll tax credits in the prior year that did not recur in the current year.

Other Income (Expense), net

Other income (expense), net increased \$17.3 million to income of \$8.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from expense of \$8.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to the reclassification of unrealized gains and losses from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) due to the discontinuation of certain cash flow hedges in each of the periods.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$10.2 million to \$71.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from \$81.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. Interest expense decreased due to lower average debt balances and lower effective interest rates, including the impact of exiting the Covenant Relief Period under our Revolver and Term Loan

agreements. The components of our interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in thousands):

	For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021	\$ Change
Senior Notes	\$	29,125	\$	24,374	\$ 4,751
Revolver and Term Loans		26,975		43,216	(16,241)
Mortgage loans		9,926		10,328	(402)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		4,522		4,211	311
Non-cash interest expense related to interest rate hedges		493		(935)	1,428
Total interest expense	\$	71,041	\$	81,194	\$ (10,153)

Gain on Sale of Hotel Properties, net

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we sold two hotel properties for an aggregate sales price of approximately \$49.9 million and recorded a net gain on sale of approximately \$1.0 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we sold six hotel properties for an aggregate sales price of approximately \$39.5 million and recorded a net gain on sale of approximately \$2.6 million.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We consider the following non-GAAP financial measures useful to investors as key supplemental measures of our performance: (1) FFO, (2) Adjusted FFO, (3) EBITDA, (4) EBITDA*re* and (5) Adjusted EBITDA. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered along with, but not as alternatives to, net income or loss as a measure of our operating performance. FFO, Adjusted FFO, EBITDA, EBITDA*re*, and Adjusted EBITDA, as calculated by us, may not be comparable to FFO, Adjusted FFO, EBITDA, EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA as reported by other companies that do not define such terms as we define such terms

Funds From Operations

We calculate funds from operations ("FFO") in accordance with standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), which defines FFO as net income or loss, excluding gains or losses from sales of real estate, impairment, the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles, plus depreciation and amortization, and adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values instead have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, most real estate industry investors consider FFO to be helpful in evaluating a real estate company's operations. We believe that the presentation of FFO provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance and can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and between REITs, even though FFO does not represent an amount that accrues directly to common shareholders. Our calculation of FFO may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies who do not use the NAREIT definition of FFO or do not calculate FFO per diluted share in accordance with NAREIT guidance. Additionally, FFO may not be helpful when comparing us to non-REITs. We present FFO attributable to common shareholders, which includes our OP units, because our OP units may be redeemed for common shares. We believe it is meaningful for the investor to understand FFO attributable to all common shares and OP units.

We further adjust FFO for certain additional items that are not in NAREIT's definition of FFO, such as hotel transaction costs, pre-opening costs, non-cash income tax expense or benefit, the amortization of share-based compensation, non-cash expense related to discontinued interest rate hedges, and certain other expenses that we consider outside the normal course of operations. We believe that Adjusted FFO provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance that, when considered with net income and FFO, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance.

The following table is a reconciliation of our GAAP net income (loss) to FFO attributable to common shareholders and unitholders and Adjusted FFO attributable to common shareholders and unitholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,		ded September 30,	For the nine months ended September 30,			
	2022		2021		2022		2021
Net income (loss)	\$ 17,683	\$	(151,818)	\$	35,415	\$	(283,157)
Preferred dividends	(6,279)		(6,279)		(18,836)		(18,836)
Depreciation and amortization	46,559		47,065		140,346		140,923
Loss (gain) on sale of hotel properties, net	57		(1,947)		(996)		(3,133)
Impairment losses	_		138,899		_		144,845
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	(36)		3,084		(29)		4,326
Adjustments related to consolidated joint ventures (1)	(47)		(2,476)		(144)		(2,626)
Adjustments related to unconsolidated joint ventures (2)	241		291		831		876
FFO	58,178		26,819		156,587		(16,782)
Transaction costs	(773)		(154)		(575)		101
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net	_		(7,100)		_		(893)
Amortization of share-based compensation	5,420		5,165		16,074		12,765
Corporate and property-level severance (3)	_		904		_		904
Derivative (gains) losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) reclassified to earnings (4)	_		_		(5,866)		10,658
Other expenses (5)	1,169		1,711		2,068		2,120
Adjusted FFO	\$ 63,994	\$	27,345	\$	168,288	\$	8,873

- (1) Includes depreciation and amortization expense allocated to the noncontrolling interest in the consolidated joint ventures.
- (2) Includes our ownership interest in the depreciation and amortization expense of the unconsolidated joint ventures.
- (3) Severance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes severance for associates at hotels operating under collective bargaining agreements.
- (4) Reclassification of interest rate swap (gains) losses from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to earnings for discontinued interest rate hedges.
- (5) Represents expenses and income outside of the normal course of operations, including \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million of non-cash interest expense related to discontinued interest rate hedges, and \$0.9 million and \$1.5 million of pre-opening costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Other expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 included hurricane costs not covered by insurance of \$1.5 million.

EBITDA and EBITDAre

EBITDA is defined as net income or loss excluding: (1) interest expense; (2) income tax expense; and (3) depreciation and amortization expense. We consider EBITDA useful to an investor in evaluating and facilitating comparisons of our operating performance between periods and between REITs by removing the impact of our capital structure (primarily interest expense) and asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization expense) from our operating results. In addition, EBITDA is used as one measure in determining the value of hotel acquisitions and disposals.

In addition to EBITDA, we present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, which defines EBITDAre as net income or loss excluding interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization expense, gains or losses from sales of real estate, impairment, and adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures. We believe that the presentation of EBITDAre provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance and can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and between REITs.

We also present Adjusted EBITDA, which includes additional adjustments for items such as hotel transaction costs, pre-opening costs, the amortization of share-based compensation, non-cash expense related to discontinued interest rate hedges, and certain other expenses that we consider outside the normal course of operations. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance that, when considered with net income, EBITDA, and EBITDA*re*, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance.

The following table is a reconciliation of our GAAP net income (loss) to EBITDA, EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,			
		2022		2021	 2022		2021	
Net income (loss)	\$	17,683	\$	(151,818)	\$ 35,415	\$	(283,157)	
Depreciation and amortization		46,559		47,065	140,346		140,923	
Interest expense, net of interest income		21,344		26,711	69,241		80,368	
Income tax expense		391		286	1,139		554	
Adjustments related to unconsolidated joint ventures (1)		354		408	1,169		1,225	
EBITDA		86,331		(77,348)	247,310		(60,087)	
Loss (gain) on sale of hotel properties, net		57		(1,947)	(996)		(3,133)	
Impairment losses		_		138,899	_		144,845	
EBITDAre		86,388		59,604	246,314		81,625	
Transaction costs		(773)		(154)	(575)		101	
Gain on extinguishment of indebtedness, net		_		(7,100)	_		(893)	
Amortization of share-based compensation		5,420		5,165	16,074		12,765	
Corporate and property-level severance (2)		_		904	_		904	
Derivative (gains) losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) reclassified to earnings (3)		_		_	(5,866)		10,658	
Other expenses (4)		917		1,711	1,575		2,120	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	91,952	\$	60,130	\$ 257,522	\$	107,280	

- (1) Includes our ownership interest in the interest, depreciation, and amortization expense of the unconsolidated joint ventures.
- (2) Severance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes severance for associates at hotels operating under collective bargaining agreements.
- (3) Reclassification of interest rate swap (gains) losses from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to earnings for discontinued interest rate hedges.
- (4) Represents expenses and income outside of the normal course of operations, including \$0.9 million and \$1.5 million of pre-opening costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Other expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes hurricane costs not covered by insurance of \$1.5 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity requirements consist primarily of the funds necessary to pay for operating expenses and other expenditures directly associated with our hotel properties, including:

- funds necessary to pay for the costs of acquiring hotel properties;
- · redevelopments, conversions, renovations and other capital expenditures that need to be made periodically to our hotel properties;
- recurring maintenance and capital expenditures necessary to maintain our hotel properties in accordance with brand standards;
- · interest expense and scheduled principal payments on outstanding indebtedness;
- · distributions on common and preferred shares; and
- corporate and other general and administrative expenses.

As of September 30, 2022, we had \$539.7 million of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reserves.

Sources and Uses of Cash

Cash flows from Operating Activities

The net cash flow provided by operating activities totaled \$203.7 million and \$20.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our cash flows provided by operating activities generally consist of the net cash generated by our hotel operations, the cash paid for corporate expenses and other working capital changes. Refer to the "Results of Operations" section for further discussion of our operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Cash flows from Investing Activities

The net cash flow used in investing activities totaled \$97.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily due to a \$59.2 million acquisition of a hotel property and \$86.6 million in capital improvements and additions to our hotel properties. The net cash flow used in investing activities was partially offset by \$48.1 million in proceeds from the sale of hotel properties.

The net cash flow used in investing activities totaled \$63.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 primarily due to a \$58.6 million acquisition of a hotel property, \$36.2 million in routine capital improvements and additions to our hotel properties and \$5.0 million in purchase deposits paid. The net cash flow used in investing activities was partially offset by \$36.2 million in proceeds from the sale of hotel properties.

Cash flows from Financing Activities

The net cash flow used in financing activities totaled \$280.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily due to the \$200.0 million repayment of the outstanding balance on the Revolver, \$50.0 million paid to repurchase common shares under a share repurchase program, \$24.0 million in distributions to shareholders and unitholders, \$2.6 million in distributions to joint venture partners, and \$3.6 million paid to repurchase common shares to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements.

The net cash flow used in financing activities totaled \$230.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 primarily due to the redemption of the \$475.0 million senior notes due 2025 with a redemption premium of \$9.5 million, \$200.0 million in repayment on the Revolver, \$356.3 million in repayment of term loans, \$149.2 million in repayment of mortgage loans, \$23.9 million in distributions to shareholders and unitholders, \$14.0 million in deferred financing cost payments, \$2.5 million paid to repurchase common shares to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements, and \$1.5 million in scheduled mortgage loan principal payments. The net cash flow used in financing activities was partially offset by \$1.0 billion in gross proceeds from the issuances of the senior notes.

Capital Expenditures and Reserve Funds

We maintain each of our hotel properties in good repair and condition and in conformity with applicable laws and regulations, franchise agreements and management agreements. The cost of routine improvements and alterations are paid out of FF&E reserves, which are funded by a portion of each hotel property's gross revenues. Routine capital expenditures may be administered by the property management companies. However, we have approval rights over the capital expenditures as part of the annual budget process for each of our hotel properties.

From time to time, certain of our hotel properties may undergo renovations as a result of our decision to upgrade portions of the hotels, such as guestrooms, public space, meeting space, and/or restaurants, in order to better compete with other hotels and alternative lodging options in our markets. In addition, upon acquisition of a hotel property we often are required to complete a property improvement plan in order to bring the hotel up to the respective franchisor's standards. If permitted by the terms of the management agreement, funding for a renovation will first come from the FF&E reserves. To the extent that the FF&E reserves are not available or sufficient to cover the cost of the renovation, we will fund all or the remaining portion of the renovation with cash and cash equivalents on hand, our Revolver and/or other sources of available liquidity.

With respect to some of our hotels that are operated under franchise agreements with major national hotel brands and for some of our hotels subject to first mortgage liens, we are obligated to maintain FF&E reserve accounts for future capital expenditures at these hotels. The amount funded into each of these reserve accounts is generally determined pursuant to the management agreements, franchise agreements and/or mortgage loan documents for each of the respective hotels, and typically

ranges between 3.0% and 5.0% of the respective hotel's total gross revenue. As of September 30, 2022, approximately \$43.9 million was held in FF&E reserve accounts for future capital expenditures.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk includes the risks that arise from changes in interest rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market sensitive instruments. Our primary market risk exposure is to changes in interest rates on our variable rate debt. As of September 30, 2022, we had approximately \$1.2 billion of total variable rate debt outstanding (or 53.9% of total indebtedness) with a weighted-average interest rate of 3.21% per annum. After taking into consideration the effect of interest rate swaps, 98.9% of our total indebtedness was fixed or effectively fixed. As of September 30, 2022, if market interest rates on our variable rate debt not subject to interest rate swaps were to increase by 1.00%, or 100 basis points, interest expense would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$0.2 million annually, taking into account our existing contractual hedging arrangements.

Our interest rate risk objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate fluctuations on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we manage our exposure to fluctuations in market interest rates through the use of fixed rate debt instruments to the extent that reasonably favorable rates are obtainable. We have entered into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps to mitigate our interest rate risk or to effectively lock the interest rate on a portion of our variable rate debt. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes.

The following table provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. For debt obligations outstanding as of September 30, 2022, the following table presents the principal repayments and related weighted-average interest rates by contractual maturity dates (in thousands):

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Thereafter	Total
Fixed rate debt (1)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 500,000	\$ 525,000	\$ 1,025,000
Weighted-average interest rate	— %	—%	— %	—%	3.75 %	4.05 %	3.90 %
Variable rate debt (1)	\$ _	\$ 618,662	\$ 181,000	\$ 400,000	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 1,199,662
Weighted-average interest rate (2)	— %	3.34 %	2.95 %	3.12 %	— %	— %	3.21 %
Total (3)	\$ 	\$ 618,662	\$ 181,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 525,000	\$ 2,224,662

- (1) Excludes \$2.3 million, \$0.6 million and \$11.3 million of net deferred financing costs on the Term Loans, mortgage loans and Senior Notes, respectively.
- (2) The weighted-average interest rate gives effect to interest rate swaps, as applicable.
- (3) Excludes \$2.3 million related to a fair value adjustment on debt.

Our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to interest rate fluctuations will depend on the exposures that arise during future periods, prevailing interest rates and our hedging strategies at that time.

Changes in market interest rates on our fixed rate debt impact the fair value of our debt, but such changes have no impact to our consolidated financial statements. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of our fixed rate debt was \$845.8 million, which is based on having the same debt service requirements that could have been borrowed at the date presented, at prevailing current market interest rates. If interest rates were to rise by 1.00%, or 100 basis points, and our fixed rate debt balance remains constant, we expect the fair value of our debt to decrease by approximately \$38.6 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Company's management, under the supervision and participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2022.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 and 15d-15 of the Exchange Act) during the period ended September 30, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The nature of the operations of our hotels exposes our hotel properties, the Company and the Operating Partnership to the risk of claims and litigation in the normal course of their business. Other than routine litigation arising out of the ordinary course of business, the Company is not presently subject to any material litigation nor, to the Company's knowledge, is any material litigation threatened against the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

For a discussion of our potential risks and uncertainties, please refer to the "Risk Factors" section in our Annual Report, which is accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

The Company did not sell any securities during the quarter ended September 30, 2022 that were not registered under the Securities Act.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes all of the share repurchases during the three months ended September 30, 2022:

programs (2)
16,012,811
16,583,749
19,762,847

- (1) Includes surrendered common shares owned by certain employees to satisfy their statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted common shares of beneficial interest issued under the 2021 Plan.
- (2) The maximum number of shares that may yet be repurchased under a share repurchase program is calculated by dividing the total dollar amount available to repurchase shares by the closing price of our common shares on the last business day of the respective month.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits required to be filed by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are noted below:

Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit										
3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust of RLJ Lodging Trust Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File. No.	t (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to 333-172011) filed on May 5, 2011)									
3.2	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust of RLJ Lodging Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 7, 2015)										
3.3	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust of RLJ Lodging Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 5, 2016)										
3.4	Articles Supplementary to Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 26, 2015)										
3.5	Articles Supplementary designating RLJ Lodging Trust's \$1.95 Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, par value \$0.01 per share (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Registrant's Form 8-A filed on August 30, 2017).										
3.6	Third Amended and Restated Bylaws of RLJ Lodging Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 5, 2016)										
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002										
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Sadopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	ecurities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as									
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U. the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of									
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document	Submitted electronically with this report									
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and included in Exhibit 101)	Submitted electronically with this report									

*Filed herewith

Dated: November 3, 2022

Dated: November 3, 2022

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RLJ LODGING TRUST

Dated: November 3, 2022 /s/ LESLIE D. HALE

Leslie D. Hale

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ SEAN M. MAHONEY

Sean M. Mahoney

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ CHRISTOPHER A. GORMSEN

Christopher A. Gormsen

Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Leslie D. Hale, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of RLJ Lodging Trust;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

RLJ LODGING TRUST

Dated: November 3, 2022

/s/ LESLIE D. HALE

Leslie D. Hale
President and Chief Executive Officer

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Sean M. Mahoney, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of RLJ Lodging Trust;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

RLJ LODGING TRUST

Dated: November 3, 2022

/s/ SEAN M. MAHONEY

Sean M. Mahonev

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of RLJ Lodging Trust (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Leslie D. Hale, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and I, Sean M. Mahoney, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to our knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

RLJ LODGING TRUST

Dated: November 3, 2022

/s/ LESLIE D. HALE

Leslie D. Hale

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ SEAN M. MAHONEY

Sean M. Mahoney

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer